

Lawful Capacity and Mandate. Prince Ra Hotep El submits this Notice in his asserted capacity as Executor and Trustee with fiduciary responsibility concerning the Estate and Trust property identified in the accompanying records. Supporting trust, estate, court, and capacity documents are incorporated through the A-Z Exhibit Index. Nothing in this Notice asks Google to adjudicate disputed questions of fiduciary authority; rather, Google is requested to accurately report the capacities actually reflected by the underlying source records.

Supreme Law of the Land. This Notice invokes Article VI, Clause 2 of the United States Constitution - the Supremacy Clause - which establishes the Constitution, federal laws made pursuant to it, and treaties made under the authority of the United States as the supreme Law of the Land. State judges are bound by that constitutional structure. The Claimants preserve all properly applicable federal constitutional and treaty rights. No search-engine policy, automated indexing system, third-party metadata convention, or privately generated characterization can alter the actual identity, legal capacity, or contents of an authentic judicial or governmental record.

Treaty Framework. The Claimants preserve treaty-based arguments arising from the historic Treaty of Peace and Friendship between the United States and Morocco and any specifically applicable treaties involving Indigenous Nations, including properly established Choctaw, Chickasaw, Cherokee, or Blackfeet/Blackfoot treaty rights. Each treaty claim must be evaluated according to the particular treaty provision, protected person or entity, asserted right, and legal applicability established by the supporting record. This Notice does not contend that treaty status automatically exempts any person or trust from generally applicable federal or state law.

Critical Identity Distinction. Invocation of constitutional provisions, treaties, Indigenous rights, trust rights, fiduciary authority, or objections to governmental conduct does not itself establish that Prince Ra Hotep El is a "sovereign citizen." Any Google-controlled presentation making that factual association is specifically disputed and should be supported by an identified source and accurate context.

SECTION II: FIRST CLAIM FOR CORRECTION — ALGORITHMIC MIS-ASSOCIATION AND DATA CONFLATION

Identification of the Serious Identity Error. This portion of the Notice concerns an alleged ongoing search and data-integrity problem in which searches concerning Prince Ra Hotep El have produced or associated information concerning an entirely separate individual, Yusuf Hotep-El, whose Indiana criminal appellate proceeding bears no demonstrated identity relationship to Prince Ra Hotep El.

Record	Nevada Matter	Indiana Matter
Case	Hotep El et al. v. Ally Bank et al.	Yusuf Hotep-El v. State of Indiana
Case No.	2:22-cv-00874	18A-CR-477
Court	U.S. District Court, District of Nevada	Indiana Court of Appeals
Nature	Civil removal/remand dispute	Indiana criminal appellate proceeding
Identity point	Prince Ra Hotep El appears separately in Special Appearance / representative material	Yusuf Hotep-El is the named appellant-defendant

Evidentiary Distinction. No source presently identified in this Notice establishes that Prince Ra Hotep El and Yusuf Hotep-El are the same individual. No identity relationship should be inferred merely because both names contain "Hotep" and "El." The Notice also disputes any unsupported assertion of reciprocal familial, legal, commercial, financial, or organizational relationships between them.

Nature of the Search-Identity Injury. Where Google's search systems, generated summaries, entity-resolution systems, snippets, Knowledge Panels, related-search mechanisms, or other Google-controlled presentations cause information concerning Yusuf Hotep-El to appear as information about Prince Ra Hotep El, the resulting presentation creates a substantial risk of mistaken identity, particularly where the associated material concerns a criminal proceeding or the characterization "sovereign citizen."

Google-generated material preserved with this Notice described an association between Prince Ra Hotep El and Yusef/ Yusuf Hotep-El as involving two different people and as an algorithmic identity problem. That material is preserved as evidence of what Google's generated system displayed, not as binding legal authority.

SECTION III: DISPUTED NEVADA PARTY AND CAPACITY CHARACTERIZATION

The preserved Justia reproduction identifies Princess Emilily Hotep El and Monica Rene Hall Estate Trust as Petitioners. It separately records Filing 3 as a Notice of Special Appearance by Prince Ra Hotep El and Monica Rene Hall Estate Trust and lists Prince Ra EL as representing the Estate Trust. This Notice requests identification of any source record that purportedly makes Prince Ra Hotep El an individual Petitioner or Plaintiff in Case No. 2:22-cv-00874.

Prince Ra Hotep El states that his participation concerning Estate/Trust records was in an asserted representative/executor capacity. That capacity should be verified against the actual instruments and filings. This Notice does not ask Google to decide the legal authority of an executor or whether a trust may appear in federal court without licensed counsel.

SECTION IV: DISPUTED NAMES, ALIASES, BUSINESS TRUSTS, AND CREATIVE IDENTIFIERS

- Prince Ra Hotep El - the identity and court capacity at issue.
- David Jr Hall / David Jr Hall Business Trust - the Notice disputes converting a Business Trust designation into a personal alias without a supporting source.
- Dave Beano - asserted as a creative, musical, artistic, clothing/design, or commercial identifier; artistic or brand use should not automatically be presented as a legal alias.
- David Beloved / David B. Hall Jr. - any association should identify the exact source supporting the spelling, identity match, and claimed relationship.

A lawful former name may remain historically relevant in authentic records. The requested correction is not an attempt to erase accurate historical records; it seeks to prevent unsupported conversion of separate capacities, brands, business trust names, misspellings, or unrelated persons into a current personal-alias profile.

SECTION V: DISPUTED "SOVEREIGN CITIZEN" CHARACTERIZATION

The term "sovereign citizen" is disputed as an identity label for Prince Ra Hotep El. The supplied Justia docket does not contain that phrase. Any Google-controlled presentation using the label should identify its exact source and context. If a source contains the phrase only in a denial, quotation, legal argument, or discussion, the presence of those words should not automatically be transformed into a factual classification of the person. The separate Indiana publication concerning Yusuf Hotep-El likewise should not be used as evidence that Prince Ra Hotep El bears the same characterization.

SECTION VI: NEVADA PROPERTY, MEDIATION, DEBT-COLLECTION, AND COLOR-OF-LAW ISSUES PRESERVED

The Claimants preserve allegations concerning Nevada property and foreclosure processes, mediation, the role and authority of Aldridge Pite LLP and/or Aldridge Pite Haan LLP, licensing or certification, party identity, property interests, and claimed injury to Monica Rene Hall Estate/Business Trust, its fiduciaries, and beneficiaries. These allegations require documentary proof and are not stated here as adjudicated facts.

The supporting exhibits should identify the operative Nevada Supreme Court rule or mediation authority in effect at the relevant time; the applicable licensing or debt-collection provisions; entity and engagement records; assignments; title and property instruments; notices; orders; enforcement records; and the actual state and federal dockets.

SECTION VII: CONSTITUTIONAL, SUPREMACY CLAUSE, AND COLOR-OF-LAW FRAMEWORK

Article VI establishes the federal constitutional supremacy framework. The Fourteenth Amendment protects against qualifying state deprivations of life, liberty, or property without due process of law. Nevada Constitution Article 1, Section 8 likewise contains due-process and property protections. 42 U.S.C. § 1983 supplies a civil cause of action for qualifying deprivations of federal rights by persons acting under color of state law. 18 U.S.C. § 242 addresses willful deprivation of protected rights under color of law as a federal criminal matter enforced by governmental authorities. A disagreement with a judicial ruling, standing alone, does not establish a color-of-law violation.

SECTION VIII: TREATY AND INTERNATIONAL HUMAN-RIGHTS ISSUES PRESERVED

The Claimants preserve properly supported treaty arguments and human-rights concerns, including equality, effective remedy, fair hearing, privacy and reputation, property, and non-discrimination. Potentially relevant instruments may include the Treaty of Peace and Friendship, specifically applicable Indigenous treaties, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Convention on the

Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, and the American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man.

These authorities differ in legal status, enforceability, reservations, implementing legislation, jurisdiction, and remedies. Their inclusion preserves issues for appropriate review and does not establish that every instrument creates a private cause of action or that a violation has already been adjudicated.

SECTION IX: GOOGLE'S SEPTEMBER 1, 2026 REQUEST FOR CLARIFICATION

Google Legal Request No. 7-7144000041185 received a response from removals@google.com dated September 1, 2026. Google stated that it had reviewed the request, was unable to fully understand it, and invited additional details so that it could investigate further. This supplemental Notice and the A-Z exhibit structure are intended to provide the requested clarification in a source-specific, issue-specific form.

SECTION X: FORMAL DEMANDS FOR REVIEW, CORRECTION, AND PRESERVATION

- Conduct an appropriate manual review of the specifically challenged search associations.
- Decouple Prince Ra Hotep El from Yusuf Hotep-El and the Indiana criminal matter absent reliable evidence establishing an identity connection.
- Correct unsupported Google-controlled identity/entity associations, snippets, generated summaries, or Knowledge Panel information.
- Identify the exact third-party URL, docket entry, data provider, or source relied upon for each association Google declines to correct.
- Do not present Prince Ra Hotep El as an individual Petitioner/Plaintiff in the Nevada matter unless the underlying court record supports that designation.
- Review unsupported alias associations and distinguish former legal names, trust/business names, brands, artistic identifiers, misspellings, and unrelated persons.
- Review the source and context of any "sovereign citizen" characterization associated with Prince Ra Hotep El.
- Where an underlying third-party source has been corrected or removed, recrawl and update Search in accordance with applicable Google procedures.
- Preserve complaint tickets, submitted URLs, responsive communications, and other records reasonably associated with the specific correction requests.
- Provide a written response identifying what was corrected, what remains, and the source relied upon for any disputed association Google declines to correct.

SECTION XI: NOTICE FOLLOWING ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE

After receipt of this supplemental documentation, continued presentation of a specifically identified and demonstrably unsupported identity association may be relevant to questions of notice, knowledge, reasonableness, available corrective measures, causation, and any remedies permitted by applicable law. Nothing herein presumes Google's liability before those issues are determined by an authority with jurisdiction.

Respectfully submitted,

Envoy Prince Ra Hotep El Sultan
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SECTION XII: EXHIBIT A-Z INDEX

Exhibit	Document / Evidentiary Purpose
A	Justia docket reproduction - Hotep El et al. v. Ally Bank et al., No. 2:22-cv-00874.
B	Justia Party-Designation and Source-Correction Exhibit.
C	Official/current PACER or ECF docket report for No. 2:22-cv-00874, when obtained.
D	Original Complaint, removal papers, and amended filings identifying the Nevada parties.
E	Filing 3 Notice of Special Appearance and supporting Executor/representative-capacity records.
F	Nevada legal name-change order and certificate of service, appropriately redacted.
G	Historical-name and legal-capacity clarification materials.
H	Dave Beano creative, musical, artistic, clothing/design, or commercial-identifier evidence.
I	David Jr Hall Business Trust records and materials distinguishing business-trust identity from an unsupported personal alias.
J	David Beloved / David B. Hall Jr. disputed-name source materials.
K	Indiana Lawyer publication concerning Yusuf Hotep-El.
L	Official Indiana appellate opinion - Yusuf Hotep-El v. State of Indiana, No. 18A-CR-477.
M	Identity-Distinction Exhibit - Yusuf Hotep-El / Prince Ra Hotep El.
N	Exact Google Search screenshots/PDF captures showing challenged queries, results, snippets, AI output, Knowledge Panel, or associations.
O	Google-generated AI/search statements acknowledging the identity-misassociation concern, preserved as displayed evidence rather than legal authority.
P	Google Legal Request No. 7-7144000041185 and September 1, 2026 clarification response.
Q	Prior Google legal-removal correspondence, confirmations, report IDs, exact URLs, and source-specific requests.
R	Legal-publisher comparison materials - Justia, Midpage, CaseMine, UniCourt, Docket Alarm, or other identified sources.
S	Color-of-Law, Federal Constitutional Due-Process, Nevada Constitutional, Supremacy Clause, and Treaty Issues exhibit.
T	Nevada property / foreclosure / mediation record and the specific governing authorities relied upon.
U	Aldridge Pite LLP / Aldridge Pite Haan LLP entity, authority, licensing/certification, debt-collection, servicing, assignment, and representation records.
V	Estate/Trust property and claimed-injury evidence concerning Monica Rene Hall Estate/Business Trust, fiduciaries, and beneficiaries.
W	Treaty and Supremacy Clause authorities, including the exact treaty provisions asserted to apply.
X	International human-rights authorities and submissions, with legal status and applicability separately addressed.
Y	Documented damages and real-world impact evidence, including housing, credit, commerce, business, professional reputation, travel, or financial loss.

Z

Master Notice / Preservation / Correction Record - certified notices, mailing receipts, email confirmations, screenshots, correspondence, response history, and disposition log.

SECTION XIII: EXHIBIT CONTROL, VERIFICATION, AND RESERVATION

Each exhibit should retain its original date, source, URL or docket number where applicable, and sufficient surrounding context to avoid misleading excerpts. Search screenshots should preserve the query, visible result, date of capture, and destination URL when available. Private identifiers should be redacted where disclosure is unnecessary.

Descriptions of defamation, fraud, discrimination, unlawful debt collection, color-of-law conduct, constitutional or treaty violations, judicial or attorney misconduct, licensing violations, damages, or other wrongdoing remain allegations or legal positions unless the cited evidence contains an adjudication or independently authenticated record establishing the proposition.

This Notice does not request deletion or alteration of authentic court records. It requests accurate attribution, separation of distinct persons and capacities, identification of disputed source associations, preservation of evidence, and correction of unsupported metadata, snippets, generated summaries, identity matches, or republications.

Google Legal Request No.: 7-7144000041185

Date of Google clarification response: September 1, 2026

Submitted by / Authorized Capacity: Clerk of The Court

Name / Title: Chief Justice Maria Ali

Chief Justice Ali
UCC 1-308

Date: June 28, 2026

VI. SIGNATURE & VERIFICATION

- A. Declaration of Truth: A formal statement that the notice is presented in truth and under the authority of the supreme law.
- B. Executed Capacity: Signing explicitly as the Executor/Trustee, safeguarding the identity, property, and estate under treaty protection.



SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE — SECTIONS III THROUGH VI

DISPUTED DEFAMATORY CHARACTERIZATION, IDENTITY INJURY, CORPORATE NOTICE, TECHNICAL REMEDIES, AND VERIFICATION

Google Legal Request No. 7-7144000041185

This supplemental notice is intended to clarify the challenged Google Search identity associations and requested remedies. Terms such as defamation, negligence, color of law, liability, and damages are asserted claims or legal theories unless established by competent evidence or adjudication.

SECTION III: SECOND CLAIM FOR CORRECTION — DISPUTED DEFAMATORY LABELING AND IDENTITY INJURY

Disputed Application of a Pejorative Characterization. Prince Ra Hotep El specifically disputes the factual classification “sovereign citizen” as applied to his identity. The term is not itself a formal legal status created by the Constitution or a treaty. The requested review concerns whether Google-controlled search features, generated summaries, snippets, entity associations, or other presentations have attributed that characterization to Prince Ra Hotep El without an accurate, identified source and context.

The Notice further objects to any process that converts a person's invocation of constitutional provisions, treaties, Indigenous rights, fiduciary authority, trust-property rights, or objections to governmental conduct into an automatic ideological classification. The separate Indiana publication concerning Yusuf Hotep-El must not be treated as evidence about Prince Ra Hotep El absent reliable proof connecting the identities.

Commercial and Professional Injury Alleged. The Claimants allege that an inaccurate criminal or ideological association in search results can create adverse reputational consequences and may affect background screening, underwriting, financial services, housing, commercial relationships, and professional opportunities. Any claimed loss should be documented through Exhibit Y with actual denials, correspondence, reports, financial records, or other evidence capable of establishing causation rather than presumed from the existence of a search result alone.

Family and Reputational Spillover Alleged. The Claimants further preserve allegations that persistent identity errors may affect family members, beneficiaries, businesses, and future economic opportunities. Such derivative or multi-generational damages remain claims requiring evidence of actual injury and a legally cognizable causal connection.

SECTION IV: NOTICE OF POTENTIAL CORPORATE LIABILITY AND COLOR-OF-LAW ISSUES

Notice Concerning Google's Own Presentations. This Notice distinguishes third-party webpages from content or associations generated, selected, summarized, or otherwise presented through Google-controlled features. Google is requested to identify the source and matching methodology for each challenged association and to apply its available correction processes. Nothing herein presumes that Google is legally the publisher of every third-party statement or that a general duty of care or liability has already been established.

Color-of-Law Framework. Claims under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 ordinarily require qualifying action under color of state law and deprivation of a federal right. A private corporation does not become a state actor merely because it indexes court records or follows judicial decisions. The Claimants nevertheless preserve any color-of-law theory that can be supported by evidence of legally sufficient joint action, governmental compulsion, or other conduct satisfying the applicable state-action doctrine. 18 U.S.C. § 242 is a criminal statute enforced by governmental authorities.

Constitutional and Treaty Preservation. Article VI makes the Constitution, federal laws made pursuant to it, and applicable treaties supreme law. Any treaty-based claim must identify the particular treaty provision, protected person or entity, enforceable right, and governmental act alleged to conflict with it. This Notice does not treat a treaty invocation as an automatic exemption from generally applicable law.

Formal Notice History. Google Legal Request No. 7-7144000041185 and the September 1, 2026 response are incorporated into the record. Google stated that it had reviewed the request, did not fully understand the concerns, and invited additional details for further investigation. This supplemental notice is intended to provide that clarification. Continued presentation after specific notice may be relevant to notice, knowledge, reasonableness, available corrective measures, causation, and remedies, but does not by itself establish willful negligence or corporate liability.

SECTION V: DEMANDS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE AND TECHNICAL REMEDIES

- Review each specifically identified Google Search result, snippet, generated summary, Knowledge Panel, entity association, and related-search feature submitted with the exhibits.
- Where unsupported, decouple Prince Ra Hotep El from Yusuf Hotep-El and the Indiana criminal proceeding.
- Where Google controls the challenged presentation, correct or remove an unsupported “sovereign citizen” factual characterization tied to Prince Ra Hotep El, while preserving accurate quotations and authentic source records in their proper context.
- Identify the precise source URL, docket entry, data provider, or matching basis for any disputed association Google declines to correct.
- Where an underlying source has already been corrected or removed, recrawl or refresh the affected Google Search result through the applicable Google process.
- Preserve complaint records, submitted URLs, responsive correspondence, and other records reasonably associated with the specifically identified correction dispute. This preservation request is not represented as a court-issued litigation hold or discovery order.
- Provide a written disposition identifying what was corrected, what remains, and the source or reason relied upon for any declined correction.

SECTION VI: SIGNATURE AND VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury that the factual statements made from my personal knowledge concerning my identity, the asserted lack of relationship to Yusuf Hotep-El, and the records and injuries specifically identified in the attached exhibits are true and correct to the best of my knowledge. Legal characterizations and claims are preserved as such and are not represented as adjudicated findings.

Executed by: Prince Ra Hotep El

Asserted Capacity: Executor / Trustee; Authorized Representative for the Protection of Estate and Trust Property

Date: June 28, 2026

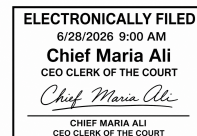
Signatures:

Envoy Princess Emily Hotep El
Empress
All Rights Reserved UCC1-308



Envoy Prince Ra Hotep El Sultan
All Rights Reserved UCC 1-308





princess emilily hotep el Trustee/
beneficiary Monica Rene Padgett/Hall
Business Trust & prince ra hotep el
executor/beneficiary David Jr Hall
Business Trust

Claimants,

vs.

GOOGLE

et, al,...

Respondents/Defendants

)
) **Claim No.** Case No. OTH-25
) [ALMC]OTH22/856043
) Notice of Algorithmic Misassociation,
) Defamation, and Intent to Hold Liable. To the
) UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
) DISTRICT OF NEVADA & To GOOGLE
) Princess Emilily Hotep El Petitioner Monica
) Rene Hall Business Trust
) vs.
) Aldridge Pite Haan llp et al, Ally Bank et
) al,...
) Case No. 2:22-cv-00874
) **TC20610 FOREIGN JUDGMENT**
) **CONSULAR COURT Cc: - OCC**
) **Case No. CS0403162 - DOJ Case**
) **No.311050-DSK - DOJ Report No.**
) **318923-TFT**
)

**Notice of Algorithmic Mis-association, Defamation, and Intent to Hold
Liable. To the UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA & To
GOOGLE**

NOTICE OF ALGORITHMIC MIS-ASSOCIATION, DEFAMATION, AND LIABILITY

I. PREAMBLE & SOVEREIGN STATUS

- A. Identity of the Declarant: Clear statement identifying Prince Ra Hotep El (<https://www.google.com/search?q=prince+ra+hotep+el&kgmid=/m/0bm94n2>) in his lawful capacity and as the legitimate executor/trustee protecting trust property.
- B. Constitutional and Treaty Foundation: Explicit invocation of Article VI, Clause 2 of the U.S. Constitution (The Supremacy Clause).
 - Citation of the Treaty of Peace and Friendship and relevant tribal treaties as the binding Law of the Land.
 - Rejection of any localized judicial opinions, administrative rules, or corporate designations that attempt to override these supreme authorities.

**II. THE FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: ALGORITHMIC MIS-ASSOCIATION AND DATA
CONFLATION**

- A. Specific Identification of the Error: Detailed breakdown of how the search algorithm has incorrectly merged the identity and public records of Prince Ra Hotep El with an unrelated individual (Yusef Hotep-El) across different state jurisdictions.
- B. Evidence of Identity Conflation: Listing of specific search query strings, URLs, and automated search blocks that display this cross-contaminated data.
- C. Evidentiary Distinction: Formal statement confirming that these are two entirely separate entities with no reciprocal legal, familial, or financial ties.

III. THE SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION: DEFAMATORY LABELING AND IDENTITY INJURY

- A. Unlawful Application of Pejorative Terms: Specific challenge to the platform appending the non-legal, manufactured label "sovereign citizen" to the declarant's identity.
- B. Commercial and Professional Sabotage: Documentation of how this false digital footprint acts as a weaponized red flag in the modern economic grid.
- C. Real-World Quantum of Damages: Detailed listing of the severe, systemic injuries caused by this labeling:
 - Interference with the right to travel and secure commerce.
 - Denial or disruption of housing opportunities (buying homes, leasing, renting).
 - Destruction of business reputation, loss of jobs, and financial livelihood.
 - The multi-generational impact and reputational harm passed down to children and family members.

IV. NOTICE OF CORPORATE LIABILITY AND COLOR OF LAW ACTIVITIES

- A. Corporate Promotion of Harms: Argument that the platform's refusal or delay in correcting known automated errors constitutes active promotion of defamatory material.
- B. Operating Under Color of Law: Addressing how prioritizing administrative court rules or judicial opinions over supreme treaty law functions to protect illegal "color of law" activities.
- C. Formal Notice History: Reference to the prior legal letters sent to the Google Legal Department (noting the lack of substantive resolution as of the current date), establishing a clear timeline of corporate awareness.

V. MANDATORY DEMANDS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE AND TECHNICAL REMEDIES

- A. Immediate Decoupling: Demand for manual engineering intervention to completely separate the search profile of Prince Ra Hotep El from Yusef Hotep-El.

- B. Removal of Defamatory Terms: Demand for the immediate erasure of the term "sovereign citizen" and any associated pejorative characterizations from all search listings, knowledge graphs, and algorithmic associations linked to the declarant's name.
- C. Preservation of Evidence: Instruction to the corporation to preserve all internal algorithmic logs, search indexing data, and internal communications regarding these profiles for potential future litigation.

VI. SIGNATURE & VERIFICATION

- A. Declaration of Truth: A formal statement that the notice is presented in truth and under the authority of the supreme law.
- B. Executed Capacity: Signing explicitly as the Executor/Trustee, safeguarding the identity, property, and estate under treaty protection.

Respectfully submitted,

Chief Justice Maria Ali

June 28, 2026

Clerk of the Court

Date: August 31, 2026

Chief Justice Ali
UCC 1-308



Disclosure and Notice - To force manual engineering reviews and formalize your record corrections while your legal correspondence is being evaluated, you must utilize Google's explicit administrative portals. Standard emails or general customer service queues do not reach the data integrity departments. [1]

Use these precise compliance tracks and official portals to address the defamation, data conflation, and pejorative labeling. [2, 3]

1. The Legal Defamation and Content Removal Track

When an automated algorithm associates a person's name with an unrelated individual or a damaging pejorative term like "sovereign citizen," it constitutes actionable identity injury. You must submit specific web forms to create a traceable legal ticket. [3, 4]

- Main Content Escalation Portal: Use the main Google Report Content for Legal Reasons Tool (<https://support.google.com/legal/troubleshooter/1114905?hl=en>). Select "Google Search" as the product, and choose the option specifying Defamation/Reputational Injury. [1, 5, 6]
- Defamation Claim Specifics: Access the explicit Google Legal Defamation Overview Form (<https://support.google.com/legal-help-center/answer/16833565?hl=en>). You will need to provide:
 - The exact URLs of the search result pages showing the conflation.
 - A statement clarifying that Prince Ra Hotep El and Yusef Hotep-El are entirely separate entities residing in different states.
 - Proof of real-world harm (e.g., how the pejorative labeling actively disrupts banking, travel, or property leases). [3, 7, 8]

2. The Knowledge Panel & Entity Decoupling Track

If Google has generated a Knowledge Panel (the summary box at the top or side of the screen) that blends the two identities together or appends the unauthorized "sovereign citizen" classification, you must seize control of that data node.[4, 9]

- Claiming the Digital Entity: Search for the specific name. Look directly at the bottom of the consolidated summary card for a button reading "Claim this knowledge panel". This process requires uploading identification to prove you are the authorized representative/executor of the entity. [9, 10]
- The Direct Feedback Path: If you cannot claim it immediately, click the small "Feedback" or "Suggest Edits" text at the very bottom right corner of the Knowledge Panel. Select the specific text blocks that are incorrect, label them as "Inaccurate / Defamatory," and paste the structural details showing the cross-contamination. [11, 12]

3. Forcing an Outdated Cache Clear

SECTION I: PREAMBLE & SOVEREIGN STATUS

TO: Google LLC, Legal Department and Data Integrity Compliance Division
FROM: Prince Ra Hotep El, in the lawful capacity of Executor and Trustee for the Estate and Trust Property

DATE OF NOTICE: August 30, 2026

NOTICE TYPE: Formal Notice of Algorithmic Mis-association, Defamation, and Intent to Hold Liable

NOTICE TO AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL; NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT.

Lawful Capacity and Mandate: I, Prince Ra Hotep El, execute this document in my lawful, binding capacity as the designated Executor and Trustee holding legal title and fiduciary responsibility to protect, defend, and safeguard the assets, estate, and property held within the Trust from any external injury, unlawful seizure, or reputational devaluation.

The Supreme Law of the Land: This Notice explicitly invokes Article VI, Clause 2 of the United States Constitution (The Supremacy Clause), which establishes that the Constitution and all Treaties made under the authority of the United States shall be the supreme Law of the Land.

No localized judicial opinions, administrative court rules, municipal codes, or private corporate automated indexing policies possess the lawful authority to override, amend, or abridge rights secured under the supreme law.

Treaty Framework: The standing, execution, and property protections asserted herein are secured by and tied directly to the Treaty of Peace and Friendship and the binding historical treaties ratified between the United States and Sovereign Indigenous Nations, including but not limited to the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Cherokee, and Blackfoot.

These sovereign compacts protect the estate from corporate overreach and illegal activities conducted under color of law. No private entity or corporate search engine may publish defamatory designations to circumvent these supreme protections.

SECTION II: THE FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: ALGORITHMIC MIS-ASSOCIATION AND DATA CONFLATION

Identification of Serious Algorithmic Error: This Cause of Action arises from a severe, ongoing technical and data-integrity failure within Google's search algorithms. The automated indexing systems have cross-contaminated, merged, and conflated the public records, identity, and profile of Prince Ra Hotep El with an entirely separate, unrelated individual named Yusef Hotep-El.

Evidentiary Distinction: Let the record show that Prince Ra Hotep El and Yusef Hotep-El are two distinct, separate entities operating across different state jurisdictions. They possess no reciprocal familial, legal, commercial, financial, or organizational ties.

The Nature of the Damage: By automatically linking, suggesting, and presenting these two distinct identities as a single consolidated profile or within the same search query return string, Google is actively publishing false, unverified, and misleading public data. This automated cross-contamination creates an immediate, highly destructive digital footprint.

Specific Demand for Engineering Intervention: You are hereby commanded to initiate an immediate manual engineering intervention to decouple, delink, and completely separate the digital identity, search indexing arrays, and search result strings of Prince Ra Hotep El from those of Yusef Hotep-El.

The continued failure to separate these identities following receipt of this formal notice constitutes a reckless disregard for data integrity and active corporate participation in identity defamation.

Respectfully submitted,

Envoy Prince Ra Hotep El Sultan
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Cache Removal Engine: Utilize the Google Request Personal Content Removal Engine (https://support.google.com/websearch/contact/content_removal_form?hl=en) to submit individual links that have already been modified or contain exposed personal identifying information linking the declarant to unrelated court actions. [13]

Would you like to move forward with drafting the specific legal text blocks and dynamic disclosures for Section I and Section II of your Notice, so you can paste them directly into these compliance forms?

- [1] <https://support.google.com> (<https://support.google.com/legal/troubleshooter/1114905?hl=en-GB>)
- [2] <https://support.google.com> (<https://support.google.com/legal/troubleshooter/1114905?hl=en>)
- [3] <https://support.google.com> (<https://support.google.com/legal-help-center/answer/16833565?hl=en>)
- [4] <https://www.reputationdefender.com> (<https://www.reputationdefender.com/blog/search-engines/when-google-gets-it-wrong-how-to-avoid-mistaken-identity-in-knowledge-panels>)
- [5] <https://support.google.com> (<https://support.google.com/legal/answer/3110420?hl=en>)
- [6] <https://support.google.com> (<https://support.google.com/legal/answer/12158374?hl=en>)
- [7] <https://support.google.com> (<https://support.google.com/legal-help-center/answer/16833565?hl=en>)
- [8] <https://www.erase.com> (<https://www.erase.com/how-to-submit-a-legal-removal-request-to-google/>)
- [9] <https://blitzmetrics.com> (<https://blitzmetrics.com/claim-google-knowledge-panel-walkthrough/>)
- [10] <https://corymaki.com> (<https://corymaki.com/claim-edit-google-knowledge-panel/>)
- [11] <https://support.google.com> (<https://support.google.com/websearch/thread/171791443/false-information-published-by-google-in-knowledge-panel-require-rectification-in-3-business-days?hl=en>)
- [12] <https://support.google.com> (<https://support.google.com/knowledgepanel/answer/7534842?hl=en-gb>)
- [13] <https://support.google.com> (https://support.google.com/websearch/contact/content_removal_form?hl=en)

Respectfully submitted,

Envoy Prince Ra Hotep El Sultan
All Rights Reserved UCC 1-308



TREATY, TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY, ARTICLE VI, UN HUMAN-RIGHTS, AND FEDERAL-TRIBAL FRAMEWORK

SUPPLEMENTAL LEGAL-AUTHORITY EXHIBIT

Purpose. This exhibit supplies a careful legal framework for treaty and tribal-sovereignty arguments relevant to the broader correction package and related litigation. It is not a determination that any particular treaty applies personally to Prince Ra Hotep El, to an Estate or Business Trust, or to the Illinois or Nevada proceedings. Application depends on citizenship/membership, lineage where legally relevant, treaty text, geography, subject matter, implementing law, and controlling precedent.

I. ARTICLE VI — SUPREMACY CLAUSE

Article VI, Clause 2 of the United States Constitution places the Constitution, federal laws made pursuant to it, and treaties made under United States authority within the supreme-law framework. That principle makes applicable treaties binding law, but it does not mean every historical treaty provision overrides every state rule in every dispute. The operative question is whether a particular treaty provision remains legally applicable and enforceable as to the person, nation, property, territory, and controversy at issue.

II. HOPEWELL TREATIES

Separate Hopewell treaties were concluded with the Cherokee (1785), Choctaw (1786), and Chickasaw (1786). Historical federal records confirm treaty boundaries, federal protection, peace, and trade obligations. George Washington's 1790 proclamation specifically warned U.S. citizens against violating the 1786 Hopewell treaties with the Choctaw and Chickasaw. These materials support the historical federal-tribal treaty relationship; they should not be paraphrased as creating a blanket modern personal immunity from state or federal jurisdiction.

III. TREATY OF DANCING RABBIT CREEK (CHOCTAW, 1830)

The Treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek is central to Choctaw removal-era treaty history and contains provisions addressing Choctaw government, territory, property, and individual choices concerning removal and citizenship. For litigation use, the exact article relied upon should be quoted from an official treaty text and analyzed with later statutes and precedent. A broad statement that Article IV permanently bars every State from applying law to every Choctaw descendant everywhere would be too sweeping without that analysis.

IV. TREATY OF NEW ECHOTA (CHEROKEE, 1835)

Historical federal materials describe the Treaty of New Echota as addressing Cherokee land cessions and lands west of the Mississippi. Congressional materials discussing Article 5 state that specified Cherokee lands were not to be included within a State or Territory without Cherokee consent and recognized Cherokee national legislative authority within their country. The geographic and institutional character of those provisions matters; they should not be converted into an unlimited individual exemption from state law outside the treaty territory.

V. RECONSTRUCTION TREATIES OF 1866

The post-Civil War treaties with the Five Tribes contain important provisions concerning tribal organization, rights, courts, territory, citizenship, property, and federal relations. Federal congressional material quotes Article 7 of the 1866 Choctaw-Chickasaw treaty as allowing federal legislation for administration of justice and protection of persons and property in Indian Territory, while providing that such legislation should not interfere with or annul their tribal organization, legislatures, judiciaries, rights, laws, privileges, or customs. Comparable provisions existed in other 1866 treaties, though their wording differs.

Accordingly, the safer legal proposition is that these treaties are significant sources of federal Indian law and tribal rights whose precise continuing effect must be determined treaty-by-treaty and issue-by-issue—not that they categorically eliminate federal or state jurisdiction over any person asserting ancestry.

VI. UNITED NATIONS / INDIGENOUS-RIGHTS FRAMEWORK

UNDRIP and related international human-rights instruments provide an important framework concerning Indigenous peoples, identity, culture, self-determination, lands, consultation, equality, and treaties. They can be cited as interpretive

and human-rights authorities where relevant. Their domestic enforceability in a U.S. court is a separate question; inclusion should not state that UNDRIP automatically creates a privately enforceable federal cause of action.

For a court filing, the strongest treaty-related UN presentation is to identify the exact UNDRIP article or other instrument, explain the principle it expresses, and separately identify the domestic constitutional, statutory, treaty, or precedential basis for the requested judicial remedy.

VII. CDC / FEDERAL-TRIBAL RELATIONSHIP

CDC's current Tribal Affairs materials recognize a unique legal and political relationship between the United States and federally recognized American Indian and Alaska Native tribal nations and state that CDC/ATSDR works with federally recognized tribal governments on a government-to-government basis. CDC's consultation policy also states that it does not diminish treaty rights and focuses formal government-to-government consultation on federally recognized tribes and their authorized leaders or representatives.

That policy is useful evidence of the federal government's contemporary recognition of tribal sovereignty and consultation principles. It does not, however, establish an individual's tribal citizenship, create a Google identity-classification rule, or prove that a search engine must substitute a tribal classification for all other descriptors. Those propositions require their own legal and factual support.

VIII. APPLICATION TO SEARCH-IDENTITY AND COURT-RECORD CORRECTION

- Treaty, Indigenous-rights, fiduciary, or constitutional arguments should not be automatically converted into the label “sovereign citizen.”
- Search and legal-publisher records should distinguish the actual named party, representative, executor, trustee, trust, and unrelated persons according to the underlying source record.
- The Indiana Yusuf Hotep-El criminal matter should remain distinct from the Nevada Prince Ra Hotep El / Estate-Trust record unless reliable evidence establishes an identity connection.
- For Illinois Supreme Court Case No. 133449 and McLean County Case No. 2025LA000153, any treaty or Supremacy Clause argument should be tied to the exact record, exact treaty provision, and relief requested rather than stated as a general immunity proposition.
- Any allegation that a misleading search result affected litigation should be supported with a dated screenshot, exact query, URL, evidence that a relevant actor encountered or relied upon it, and the resulting concrete prejudice.

IX. AUTHORITIES FOR ATTACHMENT / CITATION

Authority	Use
U.S. Constitution	Article VI, Clause 2 (Supremacy Clause).
Hopewell historical record	Federal archival materials concerning the Cherokee, Choctaw, and Chickasaw Hopewell treaties and Washington's 1790 proclamation.
Dancing Rabbit Creek	Treaty with the Choctaw, 1830; exact article text should be attached from an official federal source.
New Echota	Treaty with the Cherokee, 1835; relevant territorial/jurisdiction provisions should be quoted exactly.
1866 Reconstruction Treaties	Treaties with Cherokee, Choctaw & Chickasaw, Creek, and Seminole; use exact treaty-specific provisions.
CDC/ATSDR	Current Tribal Consultation Policy and Tribal Affairs materials concerning federally recognized tribes and government-to-government consultation.
UN framework	UNDRIP and other specifically identified international human-rights instruments, with domestic legal effect separately analyzed.

Preservation Statement. This exhibit preserves treaty, tribal-sovereignty, constitutional, and international-rights arguments without converting disputed propositions into findings. It should be supplemented with certified or official treaty texts and case-specific authority before being relied upon for dispositive relief.



Prince Ra Hotep EL <drpzyionrecords@gmail.com>

[7-7144000041185] Your Request to Google

1 message

removals@google.com <removals@google.com>
To: drpzyionrecords@gmail.com

Tue, Sep 1, 2026 at 2:27 AM

Hello,

Thanks for reaching out to us.

After reviewing your request, we weren't able to fully understand it. If you send us more details to clarify your concerns, we will investigate further.

Regards,

The Google Team

For more information about our content removal process, see [g.co/legal](https://policies.google.com/contentremoval).

11/22/2020

Form **COL** Violation Warning
Denial of Rights Under Color of Law
Denial of Rights Under Color of Law

Violation Warning—[18 U.S.C. §242; 18 U.S.C. §245; 42 U.S.C. §1983]

:Prince-Ra-Hotep;El C/O 8237 Fawn Brook Ct Las Vegas NV 89149

Name and c/o address of injured party (Private Party Secured In Interest) SOVEREIGN POEPL E NATION OF ASIATIC MOORS

Common Law Court Order IRS Campus Collection, Andover Withholding Compliance Unit.

Name and address of Notice Recipient & Title (Elected Appointed Representative)

▶

I reserve all rights and demand that the above mentioned
Recipient TAKE NOTICE: That

I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America
that the forgoing is true and correct.

Injured party's signature

By: Executed on

November 28, 2020

▶▶

**Legal Notice and Warning Federal law provides that it is a crime to
violate the Rights of a person under the color-of-law. You can be
arrested for this crime and you can also be held personally liable for
civil damages.**

Attempting to cause a person to do something by telling that person that such
action is required by law, when it is not required by law, may be a felony.

NOTICE

[18 USC §242] provides that whoever, under color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, willfully subjects any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

[18 USC §245] provided that Whoever, whether or not acting under color of law, intimidates or interferes with any person from participating in or enjoying any benefit, service, privilege, program, facility, or activity provided or administered by the United States; [or] applying for or enjoying employment, or any perquisite thereof, by any agency of the United States; shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

[42 USC §1983] provides that every person who, under color of any statute, ordinance, regulation, custom, or usage, of any State or Territory or the District of Columbia, subjects, or causes to be subjected, any citizen of the United States or other person within the jurisdiction thereof to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Constitution and laws, shall be liable to the party injured in an action at law, suit in equity, or other proper proceeding for redress.

Warning, you may be in violation of Federal Law and persisting with your demand may lead to your arrest and/or civil damages! Also understand that the law provides that you can be held personally responsible and liable, as well as your company or agency.

You are advised to cease and desist with your demand and to seek *personal* legal counsel if you do not understand the law.

Notice of Service:

I, Prince Rahtep El certify that I personally delivered this notice to above named recipient and address on 12/01/1967 my Temple
7500 West lake Mead Blvd at C9# 309 Las Vegas NV republic [89128]
morocco.

11/2/19/2/2/11

Notification of reservation of rights UCC 1-308/1-207

PUBLIC

;PRINCE-RA-HOTEP;EL, sui juris

THIS IS A PUBLIC COMMUNICATION TO ALL

;Prince-Ra- Hotep;EL, sui juris

Notice to agents is notice to principles

ALL Rights Reserved UCC1-308

Notice to principle is notice to agents

8237 Fawn Brook Ct

Applications to all successors and assigns

Las Vegas NV Republic

All are without excuse

Phone (702)743-1926

Nevada the Republic

Let it be known to all that I, ;Prince-Ra- Hotep;EL, sui juris explicitly reserve all of my rights. UCC1-308 which was formerly UCC1-207.

UCC 1-308: Performance or Acceptance Under Reservation of Rights: A Party that with explicit reservation of rights performs or assents to performance in a manner demanded or offered by the other party does not thereby prejudice the rights reserved. Such as "without prejudice", "under protest", or the like are sufficient.

Further, let all be advised that all actions commended against me may be in violation of

USC TITLE 18 > PART I > CHAPTER 13 > § 242 Deprivation of rights under color of law

USC TITLE 18 > PART I > CHAPTER 13 > § 241 Conspiracy against rights

Wherefore all have undeniable knowledge.

;Prince-Ra- Hotep;EL, sui juris, a Moorish American National Citizen of the state of Nevada Republic,, in its capacity as a republic, and one of the several states of the union formed by the Constitution for the United States of 1789.

NOTARIAL

AFFIDAVIT

Affiant, ;PRINCE-RA-HOTEP;EL, suri juris, a Moorish American National Citizen of the state of Nevada Republic,, a common man of the sovereign private people, does swear and affirm that the Affiant has scribed and read the forgoing facts, and in accordance with the best of Affiant's knowledge and conviction, such are true, correct, and not misleading, the truth the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.

Signed  UCC1-308 sui juris

This Affidavit is dated November 28, 2020

NOTARY PUBLIC

STATE OF NEVADA)

)ss.

CLARK COUNTY)

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public, the above signed David Hall Jr, on this 28th day of November, 2020



NOTARY PUBLIC

My Commissions Expires : 09/17/2022



SEAL OF NOTARY

EXHIBIT A-Y

SEARCH-RESULT IDENTITY DISTINCTION YUSUF HOTEPEL / PRINCE RA HOTEPEL

Documentation of Separate Court Records and Risk of Similar-Name Conflation

Purpose. This exhibit documents a separate Indiana criminal appellate record involving an individual named Yusuf Hotep-El and preserves the distinction between that individual and Prince Ra Hotep El. It is intended to support requests that search engines, data aggregators, legal publishers, and automated systems avoid conflating persons merely because their names contain the words “Hotep” and “El.”

A. INDIANA LAWYER PUBLICATION

The Indiana Lawyer published an article on November 13, 2018 concerning Yusuf Hotep-El and an Indiana Court of Appeals decision. The publication’s headline refers to a “sovereign citizen.” The article identifies the subject as Yusuf Hotep-El and discusses criminal charges arising in Indiana, including possession of cocaine, possession of narcotic drugs, possession of a controlled substance, possession of marijuana, and an habitual-offender allegation.

B. OFFICIAL INDIANA APPELLATE RECORD

The corresponding Indiana Court of Appeals matter is Yusuf Hotep-El v. State of Indiana, Court of Appeals Case No. 18A-CR-477, decided November 13, 2018. The official opinion identifies Yusuf Hotep-El as the Appellant-Defendant and describes the criminal charges and the dispute concerning termination of his self-representation.

Indiana Record	Identifying Information
Person	Yusuf Hotep-El
Case	Yusuf Hotep-El v. State of Indiana
Court	Indiana Court of Appeals
Case No.	18A-CR-477
Decision Date	November 13, 2018
Underlying Context	Indiana criminal prosecution

C. SEPARATE NEVADA RECORD

The Nevada federal docket previously preserved in the accompanying exhibits is a different matter: Hotep El et al. v. Ally Bank et al., Case No. 2:2022-cv-00874, U.S. District Court for the District of Nevada. The supplied Justia reproduction identifies Princess Emilily Hotep El and Monica Rene Hall Estate Trust as Petitioners and separately records a Notice of Special Appearance by Prince Ra Hotep El and Monica Rene Hall Estate Trust.

D. NO ESTABLISHED IDENTITY CONNECTION

The sources reviewed for this exhibit do not establish that Yusuf Hotep-El and Prince Ra Hotep El are the same person. No identity relationship should be inferred merely from similarity in the names. This exhibit does not assert that any particular search engine has intentionally conflated the two individuals; rather, it preserves the documentary distinction so that any disputed search result or automated association can be evaluated against the underlying records.

E. REQUEST FOR SEARCH / DATA CORRECTION

Where a search engine, data broker, legal publisher, knowledge panel, automated summary, or other database associates Prince Ra Hotep El with the Indiana criminal matter involving Yusuf Hotep-El, the publisher is requested to identify the source and matching methodology responsible for that association and to correct, suppress, de-index, or otherwise disambiguate any unsupported identity linkage to the extent available under its policies and applicable law.

F. SOURCES PRESERVED

The Indiana Lawyer, “COA upholds denial of pro se rights to ‘sovereign citizen’,” November 13, 2018.

Indiana Court of Appeals, Yusuf Hotep-El v. State of Indiana, Case No. 18A-CR-477, decided November 13, 2018.

Justia reproduction of Yusuf Hotep-El v. State of Indiana, 113 N.E.3d 795 (Ind. Ct. App. 2018).

Separate Nevada docket: Hotep El et al. v. Ally Bank et al., Case No. 2:2022-cv-00874.

Submitted as Exhibit A-X to: Google [justia.com](https://www.justia.com) and other data collectors including the Attorney General representation for the State of Nevada and Municipalities agents agencies officers officials et al,...

Respectfully submitted,

Chief Justice Maria Ali

June 28, 2026

Clerk of the Court

Chief Justice Ali
UCC 1-308



Date: August 31, 2026

SECRETARY OF STATE



CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION FOREIGN BUSINESS TRUST

I, BARBARA K. CEGAVSKE, the duly qualified and elected Nevada Secretary of State, do hereby certify that **David Jr Hall BT** did on 11/16/2022 file in this office its registration to do business in this state and is now on file and of record in the office of the Nevada Secretary of State, and further, that said entity is at the date of this certificate duly qualified to exercise therein all the powers recited in its Articles and to transact business in the State of Nevada in accordance with the laws of said State.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of State, at my office on 11/16/2022.

Barbara K. Cegavske

BARBARA K. CEGAVSKE
Secretary of State

Certificate Number: B202211163163299

You may verify this certificate
online at <http://www.nvsos.gov>

BARBARA K. CEGAVSKE
Secretary of State

KIMBERLEY PERONDI
*Deputy Secretary for
Commercial Recordings*

STATE OF NEVADA



**OFFICE OF THE
SECRETARY OF STATE**

Commercial Recordings Division
202 N. Carson Street
Carson City, NV 89701
Telephone (775) 684-5708
Fax (775) 684-7138

North Las Vegas City Hall
2250 Las Vegas Blvd North, Suite 400
North Las Vegas, NV 89030
Telephone (702) 486-2880
Fax (702) 486-2888

CERTIFICATION OF EXEMPTION
NEVADA STATE BUSINESS LICENSE

You have filed a notice citing a statutory exemption pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes and therefore are not required to maintain a Nevada State Business License.

If your exemption changes or your business is no longer exempt, you must file an amendment reflecting your current business status.

Nevada Business Identification Number: NV20222627274

Entity Name: David Jr Hall BT

Associated Business Name:

Entity Type: Foreign Business Trust

Exemption Code: 001 - Governmental entity

Issued this 11/16/2022

Please post in a Conspicuous Location



AARON D. FORD
Attorney General

CRAIG A. NEWBY
First Assistant Attorney General

CHRISTINE JONES BRADY
Second Assistant Attorney General

STATE OF NEVADA
OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

100 North Carson Street
Carson City, Nevada 89701

TERESA BENITEZ-
THOMPSON
Chief of Staff

LESLIE NINO PIRO
General Counsel

HEIDI PARRY STERN
Solicitor General

May 30, 2023

Prince Ra Hotep El
8237 Fawn Brook Ct
Las Vegas, NV 89149

Claim Number: TC20610

Dear Mr. Hotep El:

The State of Nevada has received your claim against the State of Nevada in the amount of \$400,000,000.00.

We are unable to find any acts to which the State of Nevada is liable, and we must deny your claim for damages.

Sincerely,

Nancy Katafias

Nancy Katafias,
Claims Manager

**RE: To Attorney General Aaron D. Ford and Nacy Katafias claims manager
Claim Nos.:CLAIM #28-58B2-10Q, CLAIM #28-49N9-59W, CLAIM #28-49N9-69M, CLAIM #28-58B1-89L**

From Nancy L. Katafias <NKatafias@ag.nv.gov>

To Consularcourtribunal13@proton.me <ConsularCourtTribunal13@proton.me>

Date Tuesday, 20 February 2024 at 08:57

Good morning,

We have received your several emails containing many documents. As you were notified on May 30, 2023, we were unable to find any acts to which the State of Nevada would be liable. Any claim against the State of Nevada is denied.

Regards,

Nancy Katafias

Tort Claims Manager

Office of the Attorney General

(775) 684-1252

nkatafias@ag.nv.gov



Notice: This e-mail message and any attachments thereto may contain confidential, privileged or non-public

information. Use, dissemination, distribution or reproduction of this information by unintended recipients is strictly prohibited. If you have received this message in error, please notify the sender immediately and destroy all copies.

WARNING - This email originated from outside the State of Nevada. Exercise caution when opening attachments or clicking links, especially from unknown senders.

To Attorney General Aaron D. Ford and Nacy Katafias claims manager

STATE OF NEVADA OFFICE OF THE
ATTORNEY GENERAL

100 North Carson Street Carson City,
Nevada 89701 Nancy Katafias, Claims Manager

To: David Cassetty Deputy Commissioner, Consumer Services

Linda Stratton Supervisory Compliance Investigator

Tanishia Abarrane Compliance Investigator, Las Vegas Office

Consumer Compliance & Licensing

1818 E. College Pkwy., Suite 103

Carson City, NV 89706

Lewis Harley Law Group

4801 Woodway Drive

Suite 300

Houston Texas 77656

consularcourttribunal13@proton.me



BARBARA K. CEGAVSKE
Secretary of State
202 North Carson Street
Carson City, Nevada 89701-4201
(775) 684-5708
Website: www.nvsos.gov
www.nvsilverflume.gov

Filed in the Office of	Business Number
<i>Barbara K. Cegavske</i>	E27605192022-9
Secretary of State	Filing Number
State Of Nevada	20222760518
	Filed On
	11/16/2022 11:43:35 AM
	Number of Pages
	47

Formation - Business Trust

☐ NRS 88A - Certificate of Business Trust

☒ NRS 88A.710 - Registration of Foreign Business Trust

TYPE OR PRINT - USE DARK INK ONLY - DO NOT HIGHLIGHT

1. Name Being Registered in Nevada: (See instructions)	David Jr Hall BT
2. Foreign Entity Name: (Name in home jurisdiction)	Al Morocco
3. Registered Agent for Service of Process: (check only one box)	☐ Commercial Registered Agent (name only below) ☒ Noncommercial Registered Agent (name and address below) ☐ Office or position with Entity (title and address below)
3a. Certificate of Acceptance of Appointment of Registered Agent:	mELchizedeck Priesthood EL llc Name of Registered Agent OR Title of Office or Position with Entity 8461 West Farm Rd 120 163, Al Morocco Las Vegas Nevada 89131 Street Address City Zip Code Nevada Mailing Address (If different from street address) City Zip Code I hereby accept appointment as Registered Agent for the above named Entity. If the registered agent is unable to sign the Articles of Incorporation, submit a separate signed Registered Agent Acceptance form. X Melchizedek Priesthood EL llc 11/16/2022 Authorized Signature of Registered Agent or On Behalf of Registered Agent Entity Date
4. Name and Address of Trustees: NRS 88A: Name and address of at least one trustee. NRS 88A.710: Name and address of each trustee. (See instructions)	1) Sultan Prince Ra Hotep El I&F Name 8461 West Farm Rd ste 120 163 Al Morocco Las Vegas NV 89131 Address City State Zip Code
5. Jurisdiction of Formation: (Foreign only)	5a) Jurisdiction of formation: Wyoming, United States 5b) Date formed: 11/16/2022
6. Street Address of Principal Office: (Foreign entities only)	8237 Fawn Brook Ct , Al Morocco Las Vegas NV 89149 Address City State Zip/Postal Code Country USA
7. Name, Address and Signature of Each Person Forming the Business Trust: NRS 88A: Must be signed by each person forming the business trust. NRS 88A.710: Name and Signature of Trustee. (Attach an additional page if more than 2)	I declare, to the best of my knowledge under penalty of perjury, that the information contained herein is correct and acknowledge that pursuant to NRS 239.330, it is a category C felony to knowingly offer any false or forged instrument for filing in the Office of the Secretary of State. Sultan prince ra el s&f X Sultan prince ra el s&f Name Signature Address City State Zip Code prince ra el X prince ra el Name Signature Address City State Zip Code

BARBARA K. CEGAVSKE
Secretary of State

KIMBERLEY PERONDI
*Deputy Secretary for
Commercial Recordings*

STATE OF NEVADA



**OFFICE OF THE
SECRETARY OF STATE**

Commercial Recordings Division
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Fax (775) 684-7138

North Las Vegas City Hall
2250 Las Vegas Blvd North, Suite 400
North Las Vegas, NV 89030
Telephone (702) 486-2880
Fax (702) 486-2888

Business Entity - Filing Acknowledgement

11/16/2022

Work Order Item Number: W2022111601015 - 2516375
Filing Number: 20222760518
Filing Type: Registration-Business Trust-Foreign
Filing Date/Time: 11/16/2022 11:43:35 AM
Filing Page(s): 47

Indexed Entity Information:

Entity ID: E27605192022-9

Entity Name: David Jr Hall BT

Entity Status: Active

Expiration Date: None

Non-Commercial Registered Agent

mELchizedeck Priesthood EL IIc

8461 West Farm Rd 120 163 Al Morocco, Las Vegas, NV 89131, USA

The attached document(s) were filed with the Nevada Secretary of State, Commercial Recording Division. The filing date and time have been affixed to each document, indicating the date and time of filing. A filing number is also affixed and can be used to reference this document in the future.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Barbara K. Cegavske".

BARBARA K. CEGAVSKE
Secretary of State

BARBARA K. CEGAVSKE
Secretary of State

KIMBERLEY PERONDI
Deputy Secretary for
Commercial Recordings

STATE OF NEVADA



**OFFICE OF THE
SECRETARY OF STATE**

Commercial Recordings & Notary Division
202 N. Carson Street
Carson City, NV 89701
Telephone (775) 684-5708
Fax (775) 684-7138

North Las Vegas City Hall
2250 Las Vegas Blvd North, Suite 400
North Las Vegas, NV 89030
Telephone (702) 486-2880
Fax (702) 486-2888

ra hotep el
8461 West Farm Rd Ste 120 #163
Las Vegas, NV 89131, USA

Work Order #: W2022111801894
November 18, 2022
Receipt Version: 1

Special Handling Instructions:

Submitter ID: 641878

Charges

Description	Fee Description	Filing Number	Filing Date/Time	Filing Status	Qty	Price	Amount
Registration-Business Trust-Foreign	Fees	20222767089	11/18/2022 8:59:20 PM	InternalReview	1	\$75.00	\$75.00
Initial List	Fees	20222767091	11/18/2022 8:59:20 PM	InternalReview	1	\$150.00	\$150.00
Total							\$225.00

Payments

Type	Description	Payment Status	Amount
Credit Card	6688339907826052304270	Success	\$225.00
Total			\$225.00

Credit Balance: \$0.00

ra hotep el
8461 West Farm Rd Ste 120 #163
Las Vegas, NV 89131, USA



Prince Ra Hotep EL <drpzyionrecords@gmail.com>

[6-2311000041441] Your Request to Google

2 messages

removals@google.com <removals@google.com>
To: drpzyionrecords@gmail.com

Mon, Aug 31, 2026 at 8:23 AM

Hello,

Thanks for reaching out to us.

We understand you are concerned about the content in question, but Google cannot remove content from third-party web pages. Google simply aggregates and organizes information published on the web; we don't control the content found in the pages of our search results. Even if we eliminated the page from our search results, it would still exist on the web.

Contact the author or webmaster

We encourage you to resolve any disputes directly with the content author or website owner. Please visit [Google Search Help](#) to learn how to contact a webmaster and request a change.

If the site has removed the content

If the webmaster removes the content, our search results will display the change after we next crawl the site. To request we expedite the removal of a cached copy, please submit your request using our [webpage removal request tool](#).

If you would like to [remove your personal information from Google Search](#)

If you have been unable to work directly with the site owner to remove the content, and the pages in question include highly sensitive personal identifying information such as your national identification number or sexually explicit images shared without your consent, you can request removal using the links below:

- [Remove unwanted & explicit personal images from Google](#) (also referred to as "revenge porn")
- [Remove involuntary fake pornography from Google](#)
- [Remove content about me on sites with exploitative removal practices from Google](#)
- [Remove select financial, medical and national ID information from Google](#)
- [Remove "doxxing" content](#) - content exposing contact information with an intent to harm
- [Report phishing sites you found on the web](#)
- [Remove images of minors from Google search results](#)

If you have pursued legal action against the individual who posted the content, and have a court order determining that the content is illegal or should be removed, please respond to this email with a copy of the court order.

Regards,

The Google Team

removals@google.com <removals@google.com>

Mon, Aug 31, 2026 at 8:23 AM

To: drpzyionrecords@gmail.com

If a court has issued an order regarding the content in question, please send us a copy of the order and provide the following information:

1. the URL for each web page that contains the allegedly infringing content,
2. the exact text or content from each URL that violates the order, and
3. the specific part of your court order that mandates the removal of these webpages.

Without this information, we cannot consider your request.



Prince Ra Hotep EL <drpzyionrecords@gmail.com>

[7-7144000041185] Your Request to Google

1 message

removals@google.com <removals@google.com>
To: drpzyionrecords@gmail.com

Tue, Sep 1, 2026 at 2:27 AM

Hello,

Thanks for reaching out to us.

After reviewing your request, we weren't able to fully understand it. If you send us more details to clarify your concerns, we will investigate further.

Regards,

The Google Team

For more information about our content removal process, see g.co/legal.